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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/881,237	06/15/2001	William George Bickel	7545		
7590 03/24/2004			EXAMINER		
ANDREW T. PROKOPETZ			LEGESSE, NINI F		
OLIVE & OLIVE, P.A. P.O. BOX 2049			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DURHAM, NO		3711	17		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/881,23	7	BICKEL ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Nini F. Le		3711				
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communicat r Reply	tion appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence address	s			
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failun Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA sions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 (SIX) (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto the to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, eply received by the Office later than three months after and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no everation. ays, a reply within the statu. by statute. cause the apply by statute.	ent, however, may a reply be tin story minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this commun ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	on <u>26 February 200</u>	<u>04</u> .					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition	on of Claims							
4)	Claim(s) is/are pending in the ap	pplication.						
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-13</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election re	equirement.					
Application	on Papers							
9)□ 7	The specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.						
10) 🔲 🗆	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)) ☐ accepted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection	n to the drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	e correction is require	ed if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.	121(d).			
11) 🔲 🗆	Γhe oath or declaration is objected to by	y the Examiner. No	te the attached Office	Action or form PTO-15	52.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International ee the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have been cuments have been the priority docume Bureau (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applicat ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stag	e			
J			•					
Attachment	• •		4) Interview Summary	/ (PTO_413)				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-	-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
3) Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)	1			

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DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's response to office action of 09/04/03 is acknowledged in paper no. 16. Applicant's substitute specification on 08/13/03 (paper no. 12) is entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 2 – 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. In claim 2 line 14 and in claim 8, line 14, the word "entire" is not supported by the specification and drawings. Refereeing to the Figures of the instant application, on the upper right side of Figure 1 a solid plastic plug (E) and Steel pin (D) are provided. The plug is to be inserted into the hollow tube (C) and the pin is inserted through the hollow tube and the plug covers part of the tip end of the hollow tube. Therefore, the sliding inner tube (B) cannot slide the *entire* length of the hollow outer tube (C).

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Claim Rejections -35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rainey (US Patent No. 5,634,856) in view of Turner (US Patent No. 5.575,473).

Rainey discloses a lightweight practice bat (column 1, line 6 indicates that it can be used in baseball) comprising:

- A hollow open-ended outer tube of uniform inner and outer diameter for its full length (23);
- A solid plug affixedly attached within an outer end of said hollow outer tube opposite to the handle (28).

Rainey fails to explicitly suggest a hollow sliding inner tube but he shows a bearing ball element (30) that is guided solely by said hollow outer tube. In column 3, lines 23-25, it is indicated that the striking member 30 **may be** a bearing ball element. The term "may be" indicates that the shape of the sliding element is not critical. Therefore, it would have being obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide any shape to the sliding inner element including a hollow tube.

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Rainey discloses the invention as recited above but fails to explicitly teach the use of an end cap. However Turner is one example that teaches the use of end caps on sporting devices (for example refer to item 23 on Fig. 5). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide an end cap as taught by Turner in the Rainey device in order to promote safety by covering sharp edges of devices.

Rainey shows a hollow handle with inner and outer diameter for its full length having an open inner end (24) and a closed outer end (referring to Fig. 2, the handle is considered to be closed at the outer end because plug 32 is provided or flag extension 34 is provided with the handle); but, he fails to show a uniform inner and outer diameter for the full length of the handle. However it would have being obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a uniform or non-uniform handle since the Applicant has not shown the criticality for the claimed uniformity of the handle. It appears that Rainey's handle would accomplish similar purpose.

Claims 3, 5-9, and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Piazza (US Patent No. 3,578,801).

Rainey in view of Turner fails to explicitly teach the hollow tube, the inner tube, the plug, and the end cap to be made of plastic. However, Piazza discloses a bat wherein the

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outer hollow tube is made of plastic (column 1, line 55) and wherein the sliding inner tube is made of plastic (column 1, line states that the sliding element is plastic). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide plastic elements as taught by Piazza in the Rainey device in order to provide a device that is simple, easily and inexpensively manufactured.

With respect to the plug to be made of plastic, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a plastic plug, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416. See also *Ballas Liquidating Co. v. Allied industries of Kansas, Inc.* (DC Kans) 205 USPQ 331.

Claims 4 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Tyner (US Patent No. 6,254,498)

Rainey in view of Turner fails to explicitly include a handle that is made of foam rubber. However, Tyner discloses a handle that is made of a foam rubber (column 4, lines 20-21). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a handle that is made of a foam rubber as taught by Tyner in the Rainey's device in order to provide a bat that absorbs shock without discomfort to the batter as stated on column 4, lines 25-26 of the Tyner's invention. With respect to the method claims of 8-13, they appear to be directed to the obvious method of using the Rainey device.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 01/05/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Rainey does not teach or suggest the use of an inner hollow tube. However, Figure 2 shows a hollow outer tube (22) with a hollow striking member (30) that slides inside the hollow outer tube (22) freely. As stated on the previous office action, this item (30) is indicated that it may be a bearing ball element (col. 3, lies 23-25). The term "may be" indicates that the sliding element could be a lot of other things. Therefore item (30) could be any shape including a tube. In addition, since Applicant has not shown the criticality for the claimed tube shape, it appears that the hollow spherical element of Rainey would accomplish similar purpose. And those skilled in the art may use a variety of shapes for the inner sliding element without departing from the spirit and scope of the Rainey's invention.

Applicant also argues that the Rainey referenced teaches away from a lightweight sliding tube, however it should be noted that this feature upon which applicant relies is not recited in the rejected claims. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nini F. Legesse whose telephone number is (703) 605-1233. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 AM - 6:30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Garbe can be reached on (703) 308-1207. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

NFL 02/26/04 Stephen P. Garbe Trimary Examiner